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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/791,996	03/03/2004	Carmen Flosbach	FA1013 US DIV	4286
	7590 02/12/200 DE NEMOURS AND (EXAMINER	
LEGAL PATENT RECORDS CENTER			TSOY, ELENA	
	BARLEY MILL PLAZA 25/1122B 4417 LANCASTER PIKE		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WILMINGTON	N, DE 19805		1792	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			02/12/2008	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

PTO-Legal.PRC@usa.dupont.com

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/791,996	FLOSBACH ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Elena Tsoy	1792				
 Period for	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address				
THE MA - Extension after SI - If the pe - If NO pe - Failure t Any rep	RTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. ons of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.0 (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. riod for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reprired for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statuty received by the Office later than three months after the mailing patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin ly within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed rs will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)⊠ R	esponsive to communication(s) filed on <u>11 </u> [December 2007.					
2a)⊠ T	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.						
3)□ S							
cl	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition	n of Claims						
4)⊠ C	laim(s) <u>11,12,16 <i>and</i> 19-21</u> is/are pending in	n the application.					
4a	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)□ C	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ C	☑ Claim(s) <u>11,12,16 and 19-21</u> is/are rejected.						
7) 🗌 C	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)□ C	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application	n Papers						
9)∐ Th	9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)□ Th	ne drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)□ acc	cepted or b) objected to by the □	Examiner.				
Α	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
R	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)∐ Tł	ne oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority un	der 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a)	cknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documen Certified copies of the priority documen Copies of the certified copies of the priority documen application from the International Burea to the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in Applicationity documents have been receive nu (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
	of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary					
2) Notice of	of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
	tion Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 o(s)/Mail Date) 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	акенк Аррисацон (РТО-132)				

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Response to Amendment

Amendment filed on December 11, 2007 has been entered. Claims 11-12, 16, 19-21 are pending in the application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

2. Claims 11, 12, 16, 19-21 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention for the reasons of record set forth in paragraph 2 of the Office Action mailed on 9/10/2007.

Applicants state that Page 3 in the Specification, in fact, does list cycloaliphatic diols as well as aliphatic diols. Applicants reproduce the cited lines from Page 3 of the Specification below:

(L1) Examples of (cyclo)aliphatic diols as hydroxyl components (al) (L2) for the composition of the polyester (a) include ethylene glycol, 1,2- (L3) propylene glycol and 1,3-propylene glycol, butane-1,3-diol, butane-1,4-diol (L4) and butane-2,3-diol, pentane-1,5-diol, hexane-1,6-diol, trimethylhexane diol, (L5) diethylene glycol, triethylene glycol,

hydrogenated bisphenols, 1,4- (L6) **cyclohexane dimethanol**, neopentyl glycol, butylethylpropane diol. Hexane- (L7) 1,6-diol, neopentyl glycol, butylethylpropane diol are preferred.

(L8) Examples of (cyclo)aliphatic polyols having 3 to 6 hydroxyl groups as (L9) hydroxyl components (al) for the composition of the polyester polyol (a) (L10) include glycerol, trimethylolpropane, trimethylolethane, pentaerythritol, (Lll) dipentaerythritol, ditrimethylolpropane, sorbitol, mannitol. Glycerol, (L12) trimethylolpropane, and pentaerythritol are preferred, particularly (L13) trimethylolpropane, and pentaerythritol. (Emphasis added).

The Examiner respectfully disagrees with this argument. Claim 11 recites (cyclo)aliphatic polyols having 3 to 6 hydroxyl groups NOT (cyclo)aliphatic *diols*.

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Therefore, the fact that the Specification does list cycloaliphatic *diols* as well as aliphatic *diols*, **is irrelevant** because **all** examples of (cyclo)aliphatic polyols having 3 to 6 hydroxyl groups (that are recited in claim 11) are disclosed at page 3 of the specification as being only **non-cyclic** aliphatic polyols. Therefore, in contrast to Applicants statement, the Applicants' specification does not disclose any examples of (cyclo)aliphatic polyols having 3 to 6 hydroxyl groups.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 11, 12, 16, 19-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Duecoffre et al (US 6,063,448) for the reasons of record set forth in paragraph 4 of the Office Action mailed on 9/10/2007 because the Amendment does not change the scope of the invention.

Response to Arguments

- 5. Applicant's arguments filed December 11, 2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- (A) Applicants argue that the Examiner's position was that the polyester (b) of Duecoffre disclosed the Applicants' non-aromatic polyester (a) component of the coating composition used in Applicants process. Applicants have amended the claims in regard to the polyester (a) component to polyester consisting of "at least one cycloaliphatic polyol having 3 to 6 hydroxyl groups" and "at least one dicarboxylic acid". Applicants' polyester (a) has a high hydroxyl functionality from 4.5 to 10.

The Examiner respectfully disagrees with this argument. The Applicants' non-aromatic polyester (a) component is made from the same polycarboxylic acids as the polyester (b) of

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Duecoffre, e.g. fumaric acids and dimeric fatty acids (See specification, page 3, line 28) and triand/or polyhydric alcohols such as glycerol, trimethylolpropane, pentaerythritol, dipentaerythritol (See specification, page 3, lines 10-11). Therefore, the polyester of Duecoffre would have the same high hydroxyl functionality from 4.5 to 10.

Applicants state that the amendment to the claims for the (b) component of (B) Applicants' composition is directed to components that are clearly outside of the hybrid polymers taught by Duecoffre. As has been previously pointed out, the hybrid polymers used in Duecoffre are different from a simple physical mixture of a (meth)acrylic copolymer and polyester polyol of Applicants' invention. Duecoffre's clear coat contains a hybrid binder comprising polyester polyol as one part, and the (meth)acrylic copolymer as the second part and a polyester which as pointed out above is not the polyester (a) of the composition used in Applicants' process.

The Examiner respectfully disagrees with this argument for the reasons discussed above.

Applicants state that Duecoffre's polyesters are ordinarily known polyesters. The (C) polyesters claimed in the present invention with the specific combination of limitations cannot be found in Duecoffre. Further, Applicants call the Examiner's attention to Example 1, in particular Table 1 (see page 10 of the specification). Six clear coating compositions were prepared. Composition 1-3 used a polyester polyol (b) only which is outside of the scope of amended Claims 11 and 12 and Compositions 4-6 used a combination of polyesters within the scope of the Claims 12 and 13. The physical properties of Compositions 4-6 were in all cases significantly superior to Compositions 1-3. See in particular, mar resistance, tree resin resistance, sulfuric acid etch resistance, and solvent resistance (FAM test). Duecoffre certainly does not teach or suggest that such surprising improved physical properties can be obtained with Applicants' invention.

The Examiner respectfully disagrees with this argument. The data shown in Applicants' Table 1 is irrelevant because in contrast to Applicants comparative examples 1-3, a binder of Duecoffre does have both claimed component (a) and claimed component (b). Moreover, a coating of Duecoffre would have the same properties as in claimed invention, since it is made from a coating composition substantially identical to that of claimed invention.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Elena Tsoy whose telephone number is 571-272-1429. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 9:00AM - 5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Timothy Meeks can be reached on 571-272-1423. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Elena Tsoy, Ph.D. Primary Examiner Art Unit 1792

February 9, 2008

/Elena Tsoy /

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1792